# PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

#### From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

#### **PCT**

## NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION

(PCT Rule 61.2)

<b>T</b>			
To:			

Commissioner
US Department of Commerce
United States Patent and Trademark
Office, PCT
2011 South Clark Place Room
CP2/5C24
Arlington, VA 22202

Date of mailing: 08 February 2001 (08.02.01)	ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE in its capacity as elected Office
International application No.: PCT/NL99/00489	Applicant's or agent's file reference: P10237PC00
International filing date: 29 July 1999 (29.07.99)	Priority date:
Applicant: BRILMAN, Arend, Jan	

1.	The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made:
	X in the demand filed with the International preliminary Examining Authority on:
	04 July 2000 (04.07.00)
	in a notice effecting later election filed with the International Bureau on:
2.	The election X was
	was not
	made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date or, where Rule 32 applies, within the time limit under Rule 32.2(b).

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Authorized officer:

J. Zahra Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38

Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35

### **PATENT COOPERATION TREATY**



**PCT** 



REC'D 2 3 NOV 2001

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference P10237PC00	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)		
International application No. PCT/NL99/00489	International filing date (day/month	/year) Priority date (day/month/year) 29/07/1999		
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC A61B5/113				
Applicant				
BRILMAN, Arend Jan				
<ol> <li>This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.</li> </ol>				
2. This REPORT consists of a total of	7 sheets, including this cover sh	neet.		
been amended and are the bas		e description, claims and/or drawings which have ontaining rectifications made before this Authority ons under the PCT).		
These annexes consist of a total of	5 sheets.	-		
3. This report contains indications rela	ting to the following items:			
I ⊠ Basis of the report				
II 🗆 Priority				
		entive step and industrial applicability		
IV 🔲 Lack of unity of invention				
	nder Article 35(2) with regard to rons suporting such statement	novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;		
VI 🗆 Certain documents cité	ed			
VII   Certain defects in the in	nternational application			
VIII   Certain observations or	n the international application	•		
Date of submission of the demand	Date of c	completion of this report		
04/07/2000	21.11.20	01		
Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:	Authorize	ed officer		
European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656	Kempir	n, H-F		
Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465		ne No. +49 89 2399 2716		



I. Bas	is of	the	report
--------	-------	-----	--------

1.	the and	receiving Office in	response to an invitation under	ation (Heplacement sneets which have been lurhished to Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" ontain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):			
	2-16	3	as originally filed				
	1,18	a	with telefax of	31/08/2001			
	Clai	ims, No.:					
	1-14	1	with telefax of	31/08/2001			
	Dra	wings, sheets:					
	1/5-	5/5	as originally filed				
2.	With lang	Vith regard to the <b>language</b> , all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the anguage in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.					
	The	These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:					
		□ the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).					
		the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).					
		the language of a 55.2 and/or 55.3).		poses of international preliminary examination (under Rule			
	With regard to any <b>nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence</b> disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:						
		contained in the ir	nternational application in writter	form.			
		filed together with	the international application in	computer readable form.			
		furnished subsequ	uently to this Authority in compu	ter readable form.			
			at the subsequently furnished wr application as filed has been furr	itten sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in ished.			
		The statement that listing has been fu		mputer readable form is identical to the written sequence			
4.	The	amendments have	e resulted in the cancellation of:				



		the description, the claims, the drawings,	pages: Nos.: sheets:
5.			established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been tond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):
		(Any replacement sh report.)	eet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this
6.	Add	itional observations, i	f necessary:
111.	Nor	n-establishment of o	pinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability
1.			e claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non- ally applicable have not been examined in respect of:
		the entire internation	al application.
	×	claims Nos. 1-4, 14.	
be	caus	e:	
	×		application, or the said claims Nos. 1-4, 14 relate to the following subject matter which nternational preliminary examination ( <i>specify</i> ):
			ns or drawings (indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. are so unclear binion could be formed (specify):
		the claims, or said cl could be formed.	aims Nos. are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningful opinior
		no international sear	ch report has been established for the said claims Nos
2.	and	eaningful internationa /or amino acid sequei ructions:	Il preliminary examination cannot be carried out due to the failure of the nucleotide nce listing to comply with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative
		the written form has	not been furnished or does not comply with the standard.
		the computer readab	le form has not been furnished or does not comply with the standard.

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;

citations and explanations supporting such statement

# INTERNATIONAL PIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims 5-13

No:

No:

Claims

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims 5-13

Claims

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims 5-13

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations see separate sheet

## Concerning Section III (Non-establishment of opinion ...)

1. Method claim 1 includes the step of recording a movement history of the individual, on the basis of which an information signal can be generated. Therefore, Claim 1 relates to a collection of data which is of value for the prevention of certain diseases (e.g. suffocation or decubitus ulcers; see page 1, lines 5-9). Consequently, the steps defined in claim 1 concern the gathering of information from the body of a patient in the course of establishing a diagnosis, since diagnosis comes before prevention, and thus qualify the claim as a diagnostic method. Reference is made to decision T0964/99 of a Technical Board of Appeal of the EPO (to be published in the Official Journal EPO). This decision is, of course, not binding for examination under the PCT. However, the relevant provisions of the PCT (Rule 67.1(iv)) and EPC (Art.52(4)) are almost identical. Therefore, the examiner of this International Preliminary examining Authority considers that the reasoning of the Board is also applicable for present claim 1.

The dependent claims 2-4 include the steps of claim 1. The method claims relate thus also to subject-matter mentioned in Rule 67.1(iv) PCT, in particular to a diagnostic method, for which no preliminary examination needs to be carried out (Art.34(4)a)i) PCT).

2. Use claim 14 is equivalent to a method claim since it shall protect an activity (see the PCT Guidelines CIII-3.1 according to which there are only two basic categories of claims). Therefore, it is considered that the reasoning developed here-above with respect to claim 1 is -mutatis mutandis- also applicable to claim 14.

#### Concerning Section V (Reasoned statement ...)

1. Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: WO 99 04691 A (SENSITIVE TECHNOLOGIES, LLC) 4 February 1999

D2: EP-A-0 849 715 (GGT) 24 June 1998

The document D1 is regarded as being the closest prior art to the subject-matter

of **claim 5**, and discloses (the references in parentheses applying to this document):

an apparatus for registering movements of at least one part of the body of an individual, on the basis of a number of parameters, and generating a signal on the basis of at least one pre-set threshold value of at least one parameter or set movements for use in registering positions of individuals, in particular relatively young children, which apparatus comprises at least one sensor part, a receiver, in particular a base station, transmitting means and receiving means for wireless communication between the sensor part and the receiver, wherein the sensor part comprises means for attachment to or onto the individual in question, at any rate the at least one part of the body (see reference numeral 120 in figure 1 and page 15, line 19 to page 16, line 9).

The apparatus of claim 5 differs from the apparatus of D1 in that it comprises at least one movement sensor capable of registering movements of said at least one part of the body of the individual whereby movement patterns of lying positions are generated.

The objective problem to be solved was thus to provide an apparatus which is particularly adapted for registering movement patterns of individuals who are lying. The apparatus of D1 can distinguish between different positions but is not suitable to register movement patterns as defined in claim 1. Since D1 expressly discourages the skilled person from using movement transducers (see pages 1, 2 "Background of the invention"), the skilled person would not consider to replace the two-part sensor of D1 by a movement sensor as defined in claim 1. Since the cited passage is vague concerning other structural or functional features of the known apparatus, no further limitation of the subject-matter of claim 1 appears possible on the basis of this cited passage.

Document D2 is also only relevant in connection with the recognition of different positions to detect if a person has fallen. It is not suitable to detect movement patterns of a lying person, only if a person is lying or not. The other documents cited in the International Search Report are even less relevant.

The dependent claims 6-13 relate to preferred embodiments of the subject-matter

of claim 5.

Therefore, claims 5-13 appear to satisfy the requirements of Art.33(2) (novelty), 33(3) (inventive step) and 33(4) (industrial applicability) of the PCT.

5

10

15

20

25

30



Title: APPARATUS FOR REGISTERING MOVEMENT PATTERNS OF HUMAN BEINGS

This invention relates to a method for registering movement patterns of human beings.

In the care of human beings, in particular relatively young children, such as babies, and patients, for instance in a hospital, it is of great importance that it can be determined if the individual in question has a correct posture and movement pattern during a particular period of care, so as to prevent, for instance, suffocation or decubitus ulcers. For this purpose, it is conventional to perform visual checks, for instance by walking past the crib or bed, or through video monitoring. This is particularly costly and labor-intensive and moreover may have as a consequence that the individual in question is disturbed while resting. It further requires a physical presence of the attending person and entails a relatively high physical and mental pressure on that person.

In patient monitoring, for monitoring vital body functions such as heart rate and respiration, use is further made of monitoring systems connected directly to the patient, such as respiration equipment or ECG devices. This has as an important disadvantage that such devices entail a great physical and mental pressure on the patient, while moreover such devices are to be connected via cables and tubes, which may entail risks for individuals.

The above-described methods for monitoring an individual further have as an important disadvantage that in each case only the instantaneous situation of the individual in question is checked. This means that decisions will be made merely on the basis of instantaneous data. This increases the risk of wrong decisions, while further there is a risk that between the checks, dangerous, at any rate undesirable, situations arise, which, for instance, have not been anticipated.

20

25

#### Claims

- 1. A method for registering human movement patterns, in which a sensor part is attached to or onto an individual, which sensor part comprises at least one movement sensor and transmitting means for preferably wireless transfer of a signal between said at least one movement sensor and a receiver, while on the basis of the at least one signal a movement history of the individual in question is recorded, on the basis of which history the health, in particular the safety, of the individual in question is monitored.
- 2. A method according to claim 1, wherein in the movement history at least one time-related representation of the position of at least one part of the body of the individual in question is recorded, while a threshold time is set during which at least one specific position of the at least one part of the body is allowed, such that when this threshold time is exceeded, and depending on the movement history, an alarm signal is generated.
  - 3. A method according to claim 2, wherein the at least one specific position, preferably a number of specific positions, is or are set prior to use of the sensor part.
  - 4. A method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein prior to use of the sensor part, at least one allowable and/or at least one unallowable movement pattern is set, while the movement history is compared with the at least one movement pattern, on the basis of which comparison an alarm signal is generated or not.
- 5. An apparatus for registering a movement pattern of at least one part of the body of an individual, on the basis of a number of parameters, and generating a signal on the basis of at least one pre-set threshold value of at least one parameter or a set movement pattern, which apparatus comprises at least one sensor part having at least one movement sensor, which sensor part is equipped with means for

attachment to or onto the individual in question, at any rate the at least one part of the body, and a receiver, in particular a base station, the apparatus further comprising transmitting means and receiving means for wireless

- 5 communication between the sensor part and the receiver, for transfer of at least said signal.
  - 6. An apparatus according to claim 5, wherein the at least one receiver is a first baby alarm or like device of a baby alarm set, the at least one signal being at least acoustic.
- 7. An apparatus according to claim 6, wherein an algorithm is provided for comparing the registered movement pattern with a pre-set allowable and/or unallowable movement pattern and activating at least the alarm signal on the basis of this comparison.
- 15 8. An apparatus according to any one of claims 5-7, wherein memory means are provided for storing at least a part of the registered movement history of the individual in question, at any rate the at least one part of the body.
- 9. An apparatus according to any one of claims 5-8, wherein means are provided for continuously or semicontinuously generating a signal via the base station, in which signal at least the instantaneous movement situation, the instantaneous posture and/or a part of the movement history are, at least is, encoded.
- 25 10. An apparatus according to any one of claims 5-9, wherein setting means are provided for setting at least the at least one threshold value, allowable and/or unallowable movement patterns, kinds of signals, and the like.
  - 11. An apparatus according to any one of claims 5-10,
- 30 wherein the sensor part comprises clamping means and a relatively smooth and flat, preferably rounded housing.
  - 12. An apparatus according to any one of claims 5-11, wherein the sensor part comprises means for picking up audio signals, such as originating from breathing, heartbeat and
- 35 the like.

PCT/NL99/00489

WO 01/08556

5

19

- 13. An apparatus according to any one of claims 5-12, wherein means are provided for picking up via a telephone connection signals originating from the at least one movement sensor and/or any further registration means for, for instance, audio signals, while preferably the sensor part comprises means for responding to a specific telephone signal, in particular a GSM connection.
- 14. Use of a movement sensor and transmitting and receiving means for preventing suffocation of individuals, in particular relatively young children, wherein, on the basis of measuring signals of the at least one movement sensor, information signals are generated via the transmitting and receiving means.

#### PATENT COOPERATION TREATY



To:  PRINS, A.W. et al.  VEREENIGDE  Nieuwe Parklaan 97  NL-2587 BN The Hague  TE PANS-BAS  2 / HOV 2001  Beantwoord   Serient gezonden Voord   Serient gezonden   Se	NOTI THE  Date of mailing (day/month/yea	PCT  NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF THE INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT  (PCT Rule 71.1)  Date of mailing (day/month/year) 21.11.2001	
Applicant's or addint's file reference of the control of the contr		IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION	
International application No. PCT/NL99/00489	International filing date (day/month/year) 29/07/1999	Priority date (day/month/year) 29/07/1999	

- 1. The applicant is hereby notified that this International Preliminary Examining Authority transmits herewith the international preliminary examination report and its annexes, if any, established on the international application.
- 2. A copy of the report and its annexes, if any, is being transmitted to the International Bureau for communication to all the elected Offices.
- 3. Where required by any of the elected Offices, the International Bureau will prepare an English translation of the report (but not of any annexes) and will transmit such translation to those Offices.

#### 4. REMINDER

The applicant must enter the national phase before each elected Office by performing certain acts (filing translations and paying national fees) within 30 months from the priority date (or later in some Offices) (Article 39(1)) (see also the reminder sent by the International Bureau with Form PCT/IB/301).

Where a translation of the international application must be furnished to an elected Office, that translation must contain a translation of any annexes to the international preliminary examination report. It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare and furnish such translation directly to each elected Office concerned.

For further details on the applicable time limits and requirements of the elected Offices, see Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

Name and mailing address of the IPEA/

Authorized officer

European Patent Office D-80298 Munich

Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465

Marra, E

Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d

Tel.+49 89 2399-7235



THE THE PARTY OF T

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's	s or ag	ent's file reference	FOR FURTUER ACT	<b></b>		ation of Transmittal of International
P10237	PCO	)	FOR FURTHER ACT	TION	Preliminary	Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)
Internation	nal app	lication No.	International filing date (da	ay/month	n/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)
PCT/NL	.99/00	0489	29/07/1999			29/07/1999
Internation A61B5/1		ent Classification (IPC) or na	ational classification and IPC			
Applicant					<u>''</u>	
BRILMA	N, A	rend Jan	· .			
		ational preliminary exam smitted to the applicant		repared	by this Inter	rnational Preliminary Examining Authority
2. This	REPO	ORT consists of a total of	7 sheets, including this of	cover st	neet.	
t (	been a (see F	amended and are the bas	sis for this report and/or sl 07 of the Administrative Ir	heets c	ontaining red	a, claims and/or drawings which have otifications made before this Authority e PCT).
3. This	report ⊠	contains indications rela	iting to the following items	<b>:</b> :		
11		Priority				
Ш			pinion with regard to nove	elty, inv	entive step a	nd industrial applicability
IV		Lack of unity of invention				
V	×	Reasoned statement us citations and explanation	nder Article 35(2) with reg ons suporting such statem	ard to n ent	ovelty, inver	ntive step or industrial applicability;
VI		Certain documents cité	ed			
VII		Certain defects in the in	ternational application			
VIII		Certain observations or	n the international applicat	tion		
Date of sub	missic	n of the demand		Date of co	ompletion of th	nis report
04/07/20	00		2	1.11.200	D1 .	
		address of the international	A	uthorize	d officer	SCHES MITCHE
	Euro D-80 Tel.	pean Patent Office 298 Munich +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656	epmu d	Cempin	, H-F	The state of the s
	Fax:	+49 89 2399 - 4465	l T	elephon	e No. +49 89 2	2399 2716

Telephone No. +49 89 2399 2716

International application No. PCT/NL99/00489

#### I. Basis of the report

1.	the an	With regard to the elements of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)): Description, pages:				
	2-1	16	as originally filed	•		
	1,1	a	with telefax of	31/08/2001		
	Cla	aims, No.:				
	1-1	4	with telefax of	31/08/2001		
	Dra	awings, sheets:		·		
	1/5	-5/5	as originally filed			
			·			
2.	With regard to the <b>language</b> , all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.					
	These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:					
		the language of a	translation furnished for the	purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).		
		the language of pu	ublication of the internationa	al application (under Rule 48.3(b)).		
		the language of a 55.2 and/or 55.3).	translation furnished for the	purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule		
3.	With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:					
		contained in the in	ternational application in w	ritten form.		
		filed together with	the international application	in computer readable form.		
	☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.					
	furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.					
	☐ The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure the international application as filed has been furnished.					
		The statement that listing has been full		n computer readable form is identical to the written sequence		
4.	The	amendments have	resulted in the cancellation	of:		



International application No.	PCT/NL99/00489
-------------------------------	----------------

		the description,	pages:
		the claims,	Nos.:
		the drawings,	sheets:
5.		This report has been considered to go bey	established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have be ond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):
		(Any replacement sh report.)	eet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to th
6.	Add	litional observations, i	f necessary:
111.	Nor	n-establishment of op	pinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability
1.	The obvi	questions whether the lous), or to be industria	e claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non- ally applicable have not been examined in respect of:
		the entire international	al application.
	Ø	claims Nos. 1-4, 14.	
be	caus	e:	
		the said international does not require an ir see separate sheet	application, or the said claims Nos. 1-4, 14 relate to the following subject matter which ternational preliminary examination ( <i>specify</i> ):
		the description, claims that no meaningful op	s or drawings ( <i>indicate particular elements below</i> ) or said claims Nos. are so unclear inion could be formed ( <i>specify</i> ):
		the claims, or said cla could be formed.	ims Nos. are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningful opinion
		no international searcl	n report has been established for the said claims Nos
ě	ana/d	eaningful international or amino acid sequend uctions:	preliminary examination cannot be carried out due to the failure of the nucleotide ce listing to comply with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative
(	□ t	he written form has no	ot been furnished or does not comply with the standard.
[	⊐ t	he computer readable	form has not been furnished or does not comply with the standard.
V. F	Reas citati	oned statement und ons and explanation	er Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; s supporting such statement



International application No. PCT/NL99/00489

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes:

Claims 5-13

No:

Claims

Inventive step (IS)

Yes:

Claims 5-13

No:

Claims

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes:

Claims 5-13

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations see separate sheet



#### Concerning Section III (Non-establishment of opinion ...)

1. Method claim 1 includes the step of recording a movement history of the individual, on the basis of which an information signal can be generated. Therefore, Claim 1 relates to a collection of data which is of value for the prevention of certain diseases (e.g. suffocation or decubitus ulcers; see page 1, lines 5-9). Consequently, the steps defined in claim 1 concern the gathering of information from the body of a patient in the course of establishing a diagnosis. since diagnosis comes before prevention, and thus qualify the claim as a diagnostic method. Reference is made to decision T0964/99 of a Technical Board of Appeal of the EPO (to be published in the Official Journal EPO). This decision is, of course, not binding for examination under the PCT. However, the relevant provisions of the PCT (Rule 67.1(iv)) and EPC (Art.52(4)) are almost identical. Therefore, the examiner of this International Preliminary examining Authority considers that the reasoning of the Board is also applicable for present claim 1.

The dependent claims 2-4 include the steps of claim 1. The method claims relate thus also to subject-matter mentioned in Rule 67.1(iv) PCT, in particular to a diagnostic method, for which no preliminary examination needs to be carried out (Art.34(4)a)i) PCT).

2. Use claim 14 is equivalent to a method claim since it shall protect an activity (see the PCT Guidelines CIII-3.1 according to which there are only two basic categories of claims). Therefore, it is considered that the reasoning developed here-above with respect to claim 1 is -mutatis mutandis- also applicable to claim 14.

#### Concerning Section V (Reasoned statement ...)

1. Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: WO 99 04691 A (SENSITIVE TECHNOLOGIES, LLC) 4 February 1999

D2: EP-A-0 849 715 (GGT) 24 June 1998

2. The document D1 is regarded as being the closest prior art to the subject-matter of **claim 5**, and discloses (the references in parentheses applying to this document):

an apparatus for registering movements of at least one part of the body of an individual, on the basis of a number of parameters, and generating a signal on the basis of at least one pre-set threshold value of at least one parameter or set movements for use in registering positions of individuals, in particular relatively young children, which apparatus comprises at least one sensor part, a receiver, in particular a base station, transmitting means and receiving means for wireless communication between the sensor part and the receiver, wherein the sensor part comprises means for attachment to or onto the individual in question, at any rate the at least one part of the body (see reference numeral 120 in figure 1 and page 15, line 19 to page 16, line 9).

The apparatus of claim 5 differs from the apparatus of D1 in that it comprises at least one movement sensor capable of registering movements of said at least one part of the body of the individual whereby movement patterns of lying positions are generated.

The objective problem to be solved was thus to provide an apparatus which is particularly adapted for registering movement patterns of individuals who are lying. The apparatus of D1 can distinguish between different positions but is not suitable to register movement patterns as defined in claim 1. Since D1 expressly discourages the skilled person from using movement transducers (see pages 1, 2 "Background of the invention"), the skilled person would not consider to replace the two-part sensor of D1 by a movement sensor as defined in claim 1. Since the cited passage is vague concerning other structural or functional features of the known apparatus, no further limitation of the subject-matter of claim 1 appears possible on the basis of this cited passage.

Document D2 is also only relevant in connection with the recognition of different positions to detect if a person has fallen. It is not suitable to detect movement patterns of a lying person, only if a person is lying or not. The other documents cited in the International Search Report are even less relevant.

The dependent claims 6-13 relate to preferred embodiments of the subject-matter

of claim 5.

Therefore, claims 5-13 appear to satisfy the requirements of Art.33(2) (novelty), 33(3) (inventive step) and 33(4) (industrial applicability) of the PCT.

(03007533

3 Rec'd PCT/PTO 28 JAN 2002

Int. pat. appln. no. NL99/00489
Our letter of August 31, 2001

New Page

#### New Set of Claims

A method for registering movement patterns of

- young children, in which a sensor part is attached to or onto an individual, which sensor part comprises at least one

  5 movement sensor and transmitting means for preferably wireless transfer of a signal between said at least one movement sensor and a receiver, while on the basis of the at least one signal a movement history of the individual in question is recorded and an information signal can be
  - 2. A method according to claim 1, wherein in the movement history at least one time-related representation of the position of at least one part of the body of the individual in question is recorded, while a threshold time is set during which at least one specific position of the at least one part
  - which at least one specific position of the at least one part of the body is allowed, such that when this threshold time is exceeded, and depending on the movement history, an alarm signal is generated.
  - 3. A method according to claim 2, wherein the at least one 20 specific position, preferably a number of specific positions, is or are set prior to use of the sensor part.
  - 4. A method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein prior to use of the sensor part, at least one allowable and/or at least one unallowable movement pattern is set, while the movement history is compared with the at least one movement pattern, on the basis of which comparison an alarm signal is generated or not.

10

generated.

#### new page 18

- 5. An apparatus for registering a movement pattern of at least one part of the body of an individual, on the basis of a number of parameters, and generating a signal on the basis of at least one pre-set threshold value of at least one
- lying positions of individuals, in particular relatively young children, which apparatus comprises at least one sensor part, a receiver, in particular a base station, transmitting means and receiving means for wireless communication between the sensor part and the receiver, wherein the sensor part comprises means for attachment to or onto the individual in question, at any rate the at least one part of the body, and at least one movement sensor, capable of registering
- movements of said at least one part of the body of the 15 individual.
  - 6. An apparatus according to claim 5, wherein the at least one receiver is a first baby alarm or like device of a baby alarm set, the at least one signal being at least acoustic.
- 7. An apparatus according to claim 6, wherein an algorithm is provided for comparing the registered movement pattern with a pre-set allowable and/or unallowable movement pattern and activating at least the alarm signal on the basis of this comparison.
- 8. An apparatus according to any one of claims 5-7, wherein
  25 memory means are provided for storing at least a part of the
  registered movement history of the individual in question, at
  any rate the at least one part of the body.
  - 9. An apparatus according to any one of claims 5-8, wherein means are provided for continuously or semicontinuously
- generating a signal via the base station, in which signal at least the instantaneous movement situation, the instantaneous

g ....... ...

#### new page 19

posture and/or a part of the movement history are, at least is, encoded.

- 10. An apparatus according to any one of claims 5-9, wherein setting means are provided for setting at least the at least one threshold value, allowable and/or unallowable movement
- patterns, kinds of signals, and the like...
  - 11. An apparatus according to any one of claims 5-10, wherein the sensor part comprises clamping means and a relatively smooth and flat, preferably rounded housing.
- An apparatus according to any one of claims 5-11, 10 wherein the sensor part comprises means for picking up audio signals, such as originating from breathing, heartbeat and the like.
  - An apparatus according to any one of claims 5-12,
- wherein means are provided for picking up via a telephone connection signals originating from the at least one movement sensor and/or any further registration means for, for instance, audio signals, while preferably the sensor part comprises means for responding to a specific telephone
- signal, in particular a GSM connection.
  - Use of a movement sensor and transmitting and receiving means in a method for registering lying positions of individuals, in particular relatively young children, wherein, on the basis of measuring signals of the at least
- one movement sensor, information signals are generated via the transmitting and receiving means.

AMENDED SHEET

10

20

PAGS NL9900489

3 Rec'd PCT/PTO 28 JAN 2002

Title: Method and apparatus for registering movement patterns of human beings.

This invention relates to a method for registering movement patterns of human beings.

In the care of human beings, in particular relatively young children, such as babies, and patients, for instancesing determined if the individual in question has a correct posture and movement pattern during a particular period of care, so as to prevent, for instance, suffocation or decubitus ulcers. For this purpose, it is conventional to perform visual checks, for instance by walking past the crib or bed, or through video monitoring. This is particularly costly and labor-intensive and moreover may have as a consequence that the individual in question is disturbed while resting. It further requires a physical presence of the attending person and entails a relatively high physical and mental pressure on that person.

In patient monitoring, for monitoring vital body functions such as heart rate and respiration, use is further made of monitoring systems connected directly to the patient, such as respiration equipment or ECG devices. This has as an important disadvantage that such devices entail a great physical and mental pressure on the patient, while moreover such devices are to be connected via cables and tubes, which may entail risks for individuals.

2.5 The above-described methods for monitoring an individual further have as an important disadvantage that in each case only the instantaneous situation of the individual in question is checked. This means that decisions will be made merely on the basis of instantaneous data. This increases the risk of wrong decisions, while further there is a risk that 30 between the checks, dangerous, at any rate undesirable,

PC1/NL99/00489

new page la

August 31, 2001

situations arise, which, for instance, have not been anticipated.

From WO 99 04691 A an apparatus and a method is known for monitoring the respiration and movements of an infant to prevent for instance sudden infant death syndrome. To that end the lying position of the infant, that is face down or face up, is detected and compared to a pre-stored threshold value. An alarm may be generated when the threshold value is exceeded. The position is detected by means of a sensor which consists of two parts, a RF generator which is attached to the back of the infant, for instance to its clothing, and a receiving means, which must be mounted in the vicinity of the infant, for instance above its bed. Thus when the infant is lying at his back the signal received by the receiving means will be weaker than when the infant is lying face down.

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 A61B5/113

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

#### B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7 A61B

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

. DOCUMEN	ITS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
ategory ° C	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
	WO 99 04691 A (SENSITIVE TECHNOLOGIES, LLC) 4 February 1999 (1999-02-04) page 2, line 22 -page 4, line 13 page 12, line 23 -page 14, line 15 page 15, line 19 -page 18, line 11	1-14
	EP 0 849 715 A (GGT) 24 June 1998 (1998-06-24) column 2, line 44 -column 3, line 41 column 5, line 50 - line 42	1-5,7-11
	DE 42 27 483 C (IMF ELECTONIC) 25 November 1993 (1993-11-25) column 3, line 7 - line 64 column 5, line 22 - line 31 column 5, line 63 -column 7, line 11	1-3,5, 7-9
	column 5, line 22 - line 31 column 5, line 63 -column 7, line 11 -/	

Further documents are flated in the continuation of box C.	Patent family members are listed in annex.
Special categories of cited documents:  'A" document defining the general state of the lart which is not considered to be of particular relevance.  'E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date.  'L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified).  'O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means.  'P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed.	"I" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but clear to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention.  "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone.  "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.  "&" document member of the same patent family
Dete of the actual completion of the international search  8 March 2000	Date of mailing of the international search report  15/03/2000
Name and mailing address of the ISA  European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentiaan 2  NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk  Tel. (+91-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo ni,  Fax: (+91-70) 340-3016	Authorized officer R1eb, K.D.

1

ion on patent family members

J Application No PCT/NL 99/00489

Patent document ched in search report		Publication date		Patent family member(s)		Publication date
WO 9904691	Α	04-02-1999	US AU AU WO US	5986549 8491998 8641498 9905476 6011477	A A A	16-11-1999 16-02-1999 16-02-1999 04-02-1999 04-01-2000
EP 849715	Α	24-06-1998	DE	19653773	С	02-07-1998
DE 4227483	С	25-11-1993	NONE			
WO 9834577	Α	13-08-1998	AU	6010698	A	26-08-1998

M.H



#### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

Applicant's or agent's file reference P10237PC00		of Transmittal of International Search Report 220) as well as, where applicable, item 5 below.
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	(Earliest) Priority Date (day/month/year)
PCT/NL 99/00489	29/07/1999	
Applicant BRILMAN, Arend, Jan		
This international Search Report has bee according to Article 18. A copy is being to	n prepared by this international Searching Aut ansmitted to the international Bureau.	hority and is transmitted to the applicant
This international Search Report consists  It is also accompanied by	of a total of3 sheets.  y a copy of each prior art document cited in this	report.
Basis of the report		
	International search was carried out on the ba- less otherwise indicated under this item.	sis of the International application in the
the International search w Authority (Rule 23.1(b)).	vas carried out on the basis of a translation of t	he international application furnished to this
b. With regard to any nuclectide ar was carried out on the basis of the contained in the internation	e sequence listing : onal application in written form.	nternational application, the international search
	emational application in computer readable form	n.
	o this Authority in written form.	
the statement that the sul	o this Authority in computer readble form. bsequently furnished written sequence listing d	loes not go beyond the disclosure in the
	is filed has been furnished. ormation recorded in computer readable form is	s Identical to the written sequence listing has been
2. Certain claims were fou	ind unsearchable (See Box I).	
3. Unity of invention is lac	king (see Box II).	
4. With regard to the title,		
the text is approved as su	ibmitted by the applicant.	
	shed by this Authority to read as follows:	
APPARATUS FOR REGISTE	RING MOVEMENT PATTERNS OF H	UMAN BEINGS
5. With regard to the abstract,		
the text is approved as su	ibmitted by the applicant.	
	shed, according to Rule 38.2(b), by this Authort a date of mailing of this international search rep	
6. The figure of the drawings to be pub	lished with the abstract is Figure No.	
as suggested by the appl	cant.	None of the figures.
because the applicant fall		
because this figure better	characterizes the invention.	

International application No.

Box III TEXT OF THE ABSTRACT (Continuation of Item 5 of the first sheet)

#### THE ABSTRACT IS CHANGED AS FOLLOWS:

An apparatus for registering a movement pattern of at least one part of the body of an individual, on the basis of a number of parameters, and generating a signal on the basis of at least one pre-set treshold value of at least one parameter or a set movement pattern, comprises at least one sensor part (1) having at least one movement sensor (8), which sensor part is equipped with means (6) for attachment to or onto the individual in question, the at least one part of the body, and a receiver, in particular a base station (20). The apparatus further comprises transmitting means (9) and receiving means (25) for wireless communication between the sensor part (1) and the base station (20), for transfer of at least said signal.

International Application No /NL 99/00489

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MA IPC 7 A61B5/113

According to international Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

#### B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7 A61B

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUM	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 99 04691 A (SENSITIVE TECHNOLOGIES, LLC) 4 February 1999 (1999-02-04) page 2, line 22 -page 4, line 13 page 12, line 23 -page 14, line 15 page 15, line 19 -page 18, line 11	1-14
X	EP 0 849 715 A (GGT) 24 June 1998 (1998-06-24) column 2, line 44 -column 3, line 41 column 5, line 50 - line 42	1-5,7-11
X	DE 42 27 483 C (IMF ELECTONIC) 25 November 1993 (1993-11-25) column 3, line 7 - line 64 column 5, line 22 - line 31 column 5, line 63 -column 7, line 11	1-3,5, 7-9

X Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	χ Patent family members are listed in annex.
"Special categories of cited documents:  "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance  "E" earlier document but published on or after the International filling date  "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)  "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means  "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention  "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone  "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.  "&" document member of the same patent family
Date of the actual completion of the international search  8 March 2000	Date of mailing of the international search report  15/03/2000
Name and mailing address of the ISA  European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentiaan 2  NL – 2280 HV Rijswijk  Tel. (+31–70) 340–2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,  Fax: (+31–70) 340–3016	Authorized officer R1eb, K.D.

1

	INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT	International Application No.		
		International Application No NL 99/00489		
C.(Continue	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	112 33,00103		
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.		
X	WO 98 34577 A (H. LEWIN)	1-3,5,		
	13 August 1998 (1998-08-13) page 3, line 4 - line 24 page 4, line 9 -page 5, line 6 page 9, line 8 -page 11, line 21	12,13		

1

information on patent family members

International	Application No
T/NL	99/00489

	ocument		Publication		Patent family	Publication
cited in se	arch repor	t	date		member(s)	date
WO 990	4691	Α	04-02-1999	US	5986549 A	16-11-1999
				AU	8491998 <i>F</i>	16-02-1999
				AU	8641498 <i>F</i>	A 16-02-1999
				WO	9905476 A	\
				US	6011 <b>477</b> /	04-01-2000
EP 849	715	A	24-06-1998	DE	19653773	02-07-1998
DE 422	7483	С	25-11-1993	NONE		
WO 983	4577	Α	13-08-1998	AU	6010698	\ 26-08-1998